Braced Flip to Single Base Spotter Locations

When tossing and catching a braced flip 3 people must be involved as bases or active spotters (hands on or hands off). When landing extended one of the spotters must be either directly to the side or behind the base to be in a location to protect the head/neck of the flyer. When landing on a single base, an additional spotter should be within a step of the base or other spotter either to the side or behind the group.

The following are examples of the moment a braced flip lands extended to a single base.

- **Legal** – Hands on spotter behind the base and a hands off spotter 1 step behind the group. **Warning:** Make sure the hands off spotter is in a position that can be clearly seen by the judges from the front. This spotter may need to move slightly off center so they are not directly hidden by the hands on spotter.

- **Illegal** – While the hands on spotter is directly behind the flyer, the hands off spotter is more than 1 step away from the group and not in a position to assist if the catch goes wrong.
- Illegal – While the hands on spotter is directly behind the flyer, the hands off spotter is multiple steps away from the center group by standing behind the bracing group. Additionally, when standing behind the bracing group the intended spotter may be completely hidden from the judge’s view.

- Legal – Hands on spotter is behind the base and a hands-off spotter is directly to the side of the base.
• Questionable – While the spotter on the right is directly in front of the base, the spotter on the left should ideally take a step back so they are technically to the side of the base and in a place to protect the head/neck of the flyer. As this skill happens quickly, it may receive a warning for the spotter on the left.

• Illegal – While the hands on spotter is directly behind the base, the other intended spotter is in front of a bracing group and too far away from the group performing the flip.